

Charged Hadron Spectra

Preliminary results from first STAR Au+Au collisions at RHIC

- ✖ STAR Geometry and Detectors
- ✖ Event selection and triggers
- ✖ Analysis and Corrections to raw data
- ✖ Negative Hadron, π^- , K^- and \bar{p} Spectra
- ✖ Conclusions

Quark Matter January 2001



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STAR Collaboration - Spectra Working Group

Yale University

- ✚ Global observable: event characterization
 - ★ Represent system at kinetic freeze-out
 - ★ Constrains conditions on initial phase of the collision
 - ★ Supply information on evolution of system
- ✚ Study features of collisions at RHIC energy
 - ★ Comparison with $\bar{p}p$ at similar energy (UA1)
 - ★ Comparison with A+A at lower energies (SPS)

This analysis:

Tracking: TPC

Trigger ZDC + CTB

PID: dE/dx in TPC

TPC:

$$|\eta| < 1.8$$

$$0 < \phi < 2\pi$$

$$p_T > 75 \text{ MeV}/c$$

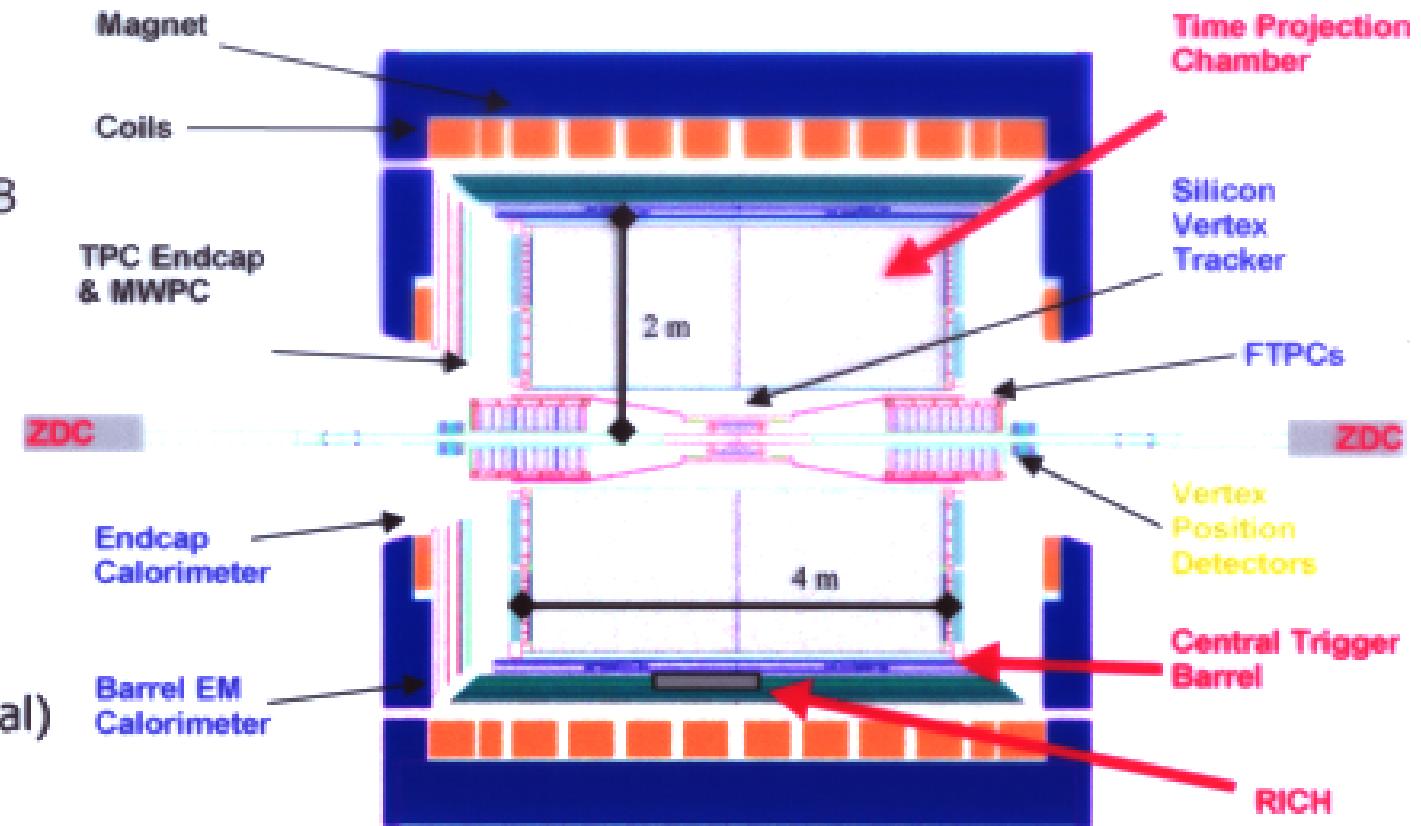
B_{field}

0.25 T (1/2 nominal)

Trigger:

ZDC at ± 18 m

CTB $|\eta| < 1$



This analysis: 86 K min. bias events

Event Selections and Triggers

ZDC

Main Minimum
Bias Trigger

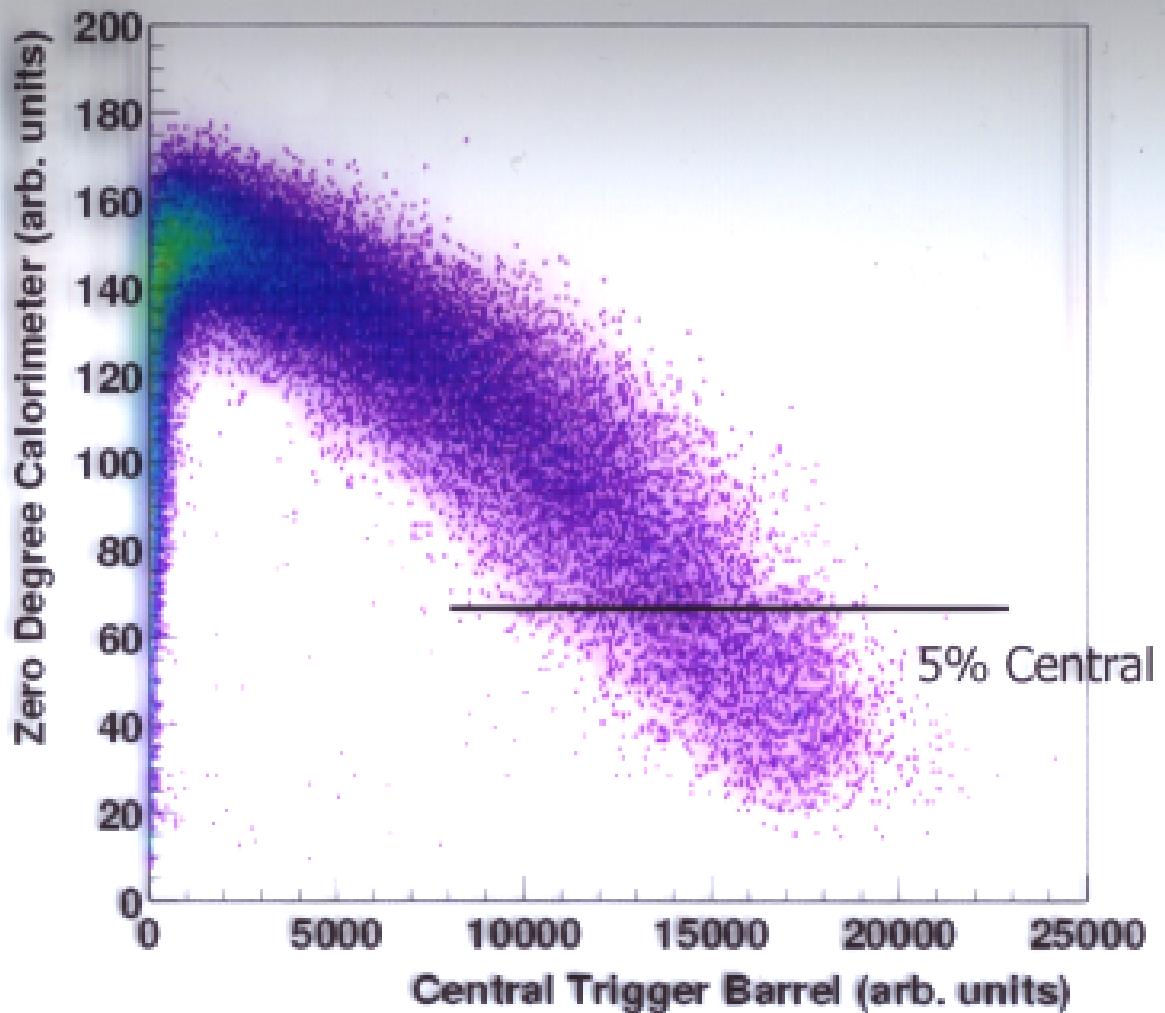
99% Efficient
even at high
multiplicity

Trigger

ZDC Coincidence
(East and West)

OR

High CTB Signal



TPC Tracks

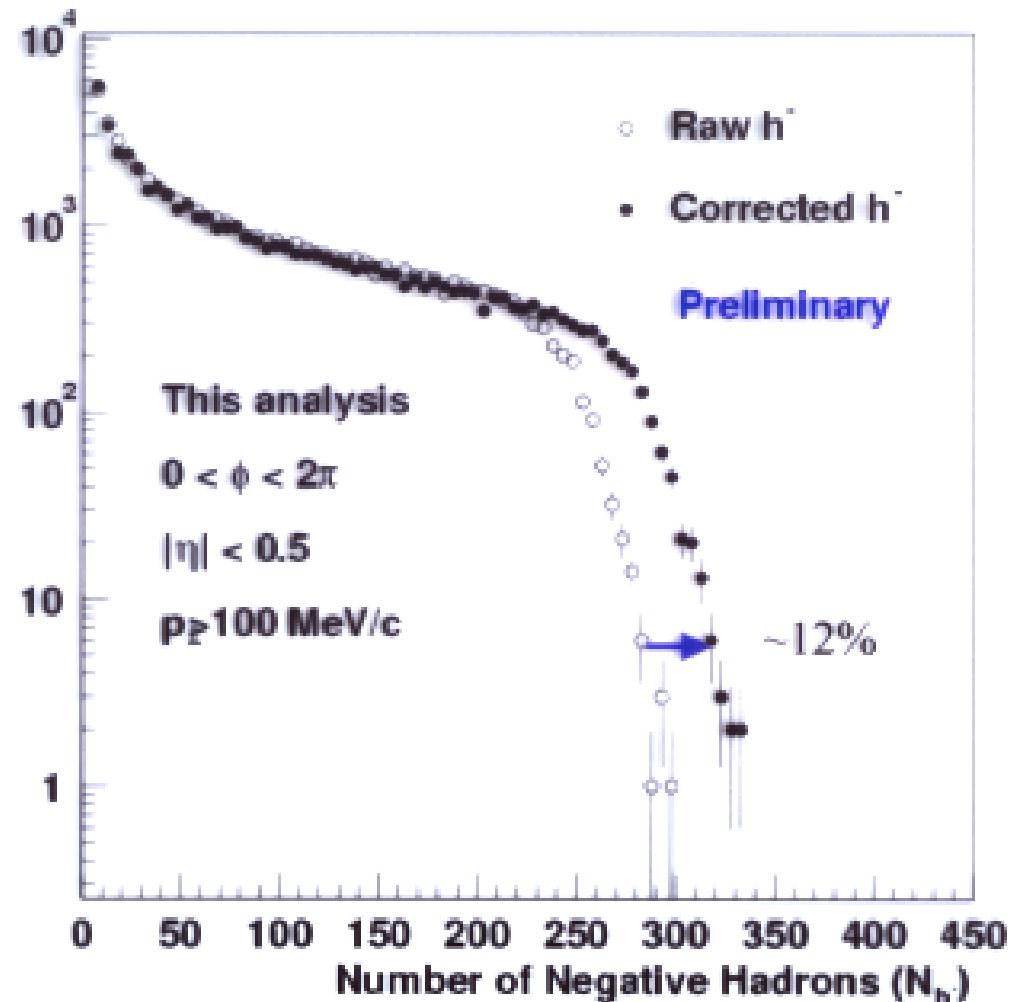
- ★ Corrections: embedding simulated tracks in real events

Large acceptance

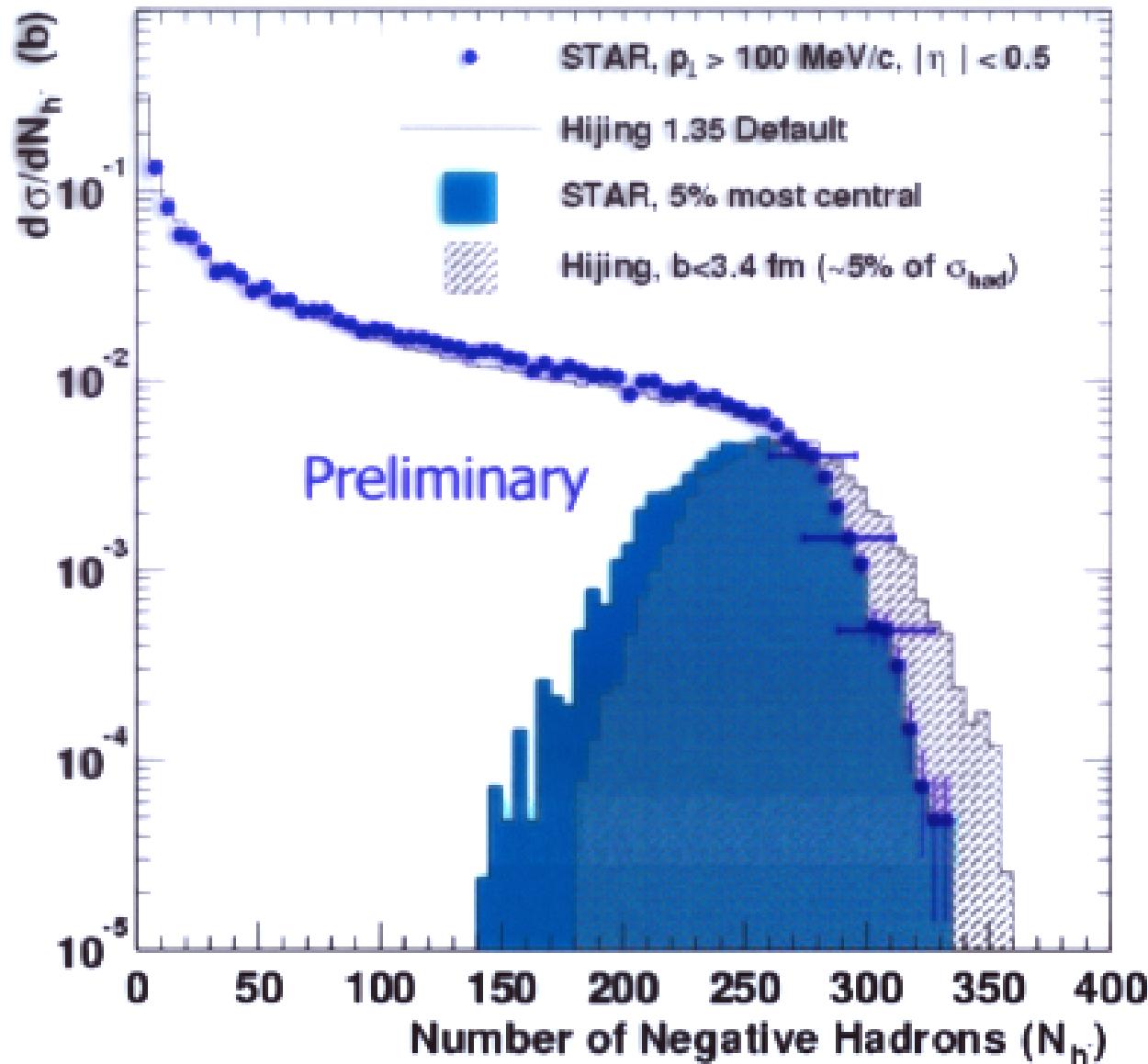
- ★ ~95% at mid-rapidity over full azimuth

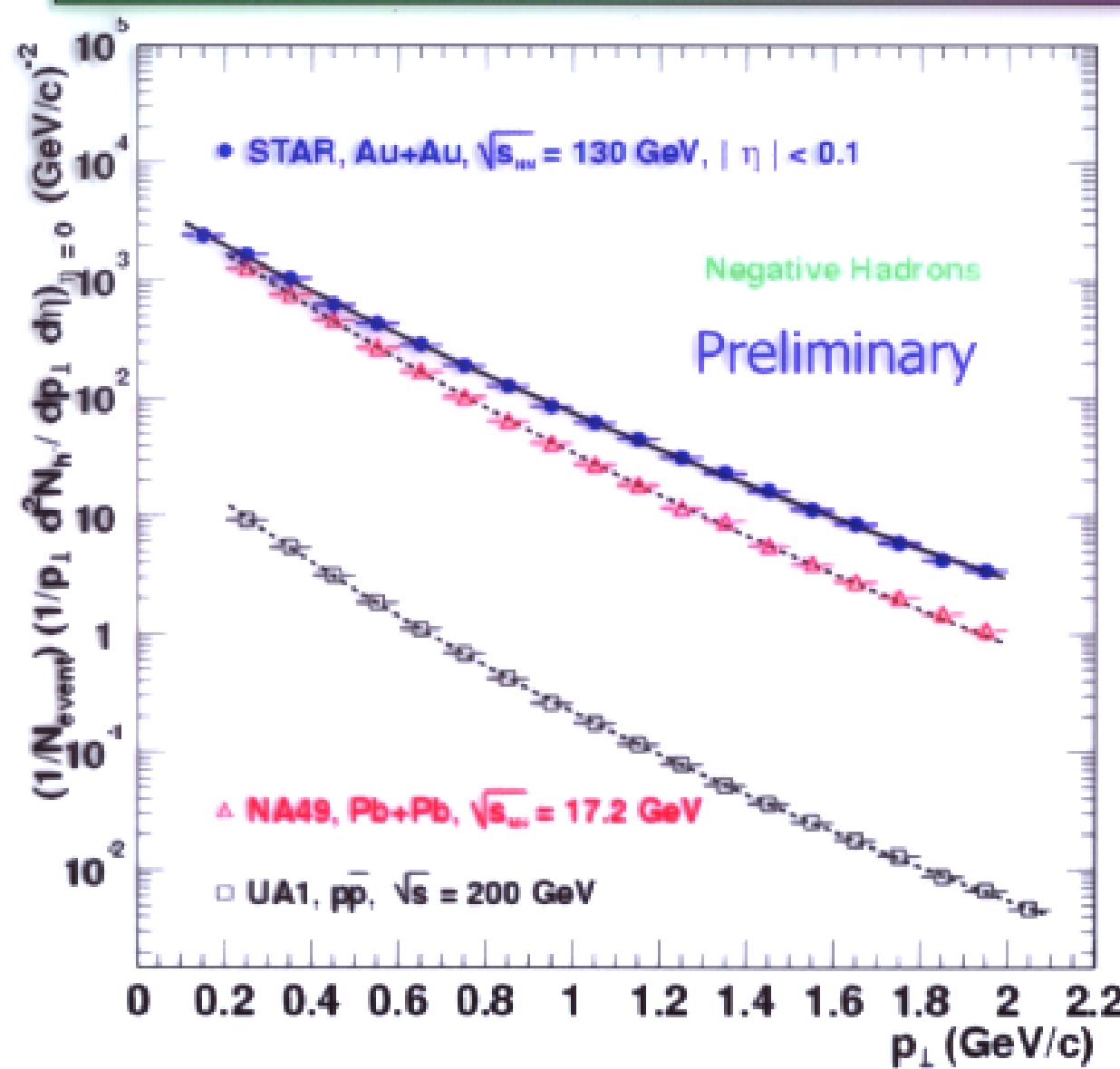
Correction factors

- ★ From Tracking efficiency 8-15%
- ★ Secondary/Decay Background 7%
- ★ Other contributions
 - ★ (merging, splitting, etc) less than 2%



Primary h⁻ Multiplicity





Power Law

$$A (1 + p_\perp / p_0)^{-n}$$

$$p_0 = 2.74 \pm 0.11 \text{ GeV}/c$$

$$n = 13.65 \pm 0.42$$

STAR

$$\langle p_\perp \rangle = 0.514 \pm 0.012 \text{ GeV}/c$$

NA49

$$\langle p_\perp \rangle = 0.414 \pm 0.004 \text{ GeV}/c$$

UA1

$$\langle p_\perp \rangle = 0.392 \pm 0.003 \text{ GeV}/c$$

Comparison to $\bar{p}p$

Compare to UA1

Problem UA1 $\sqrt{s} = 200$

$$\Rightarrow R(130/200)$$

From power law scaling

$R = 0.92$ at $0.2 \text{ GeV}/c$

$R = 0.70$ at $2 \text{ GeV}/c$

"Hard" Scaling

Nuclear Overlap Integral

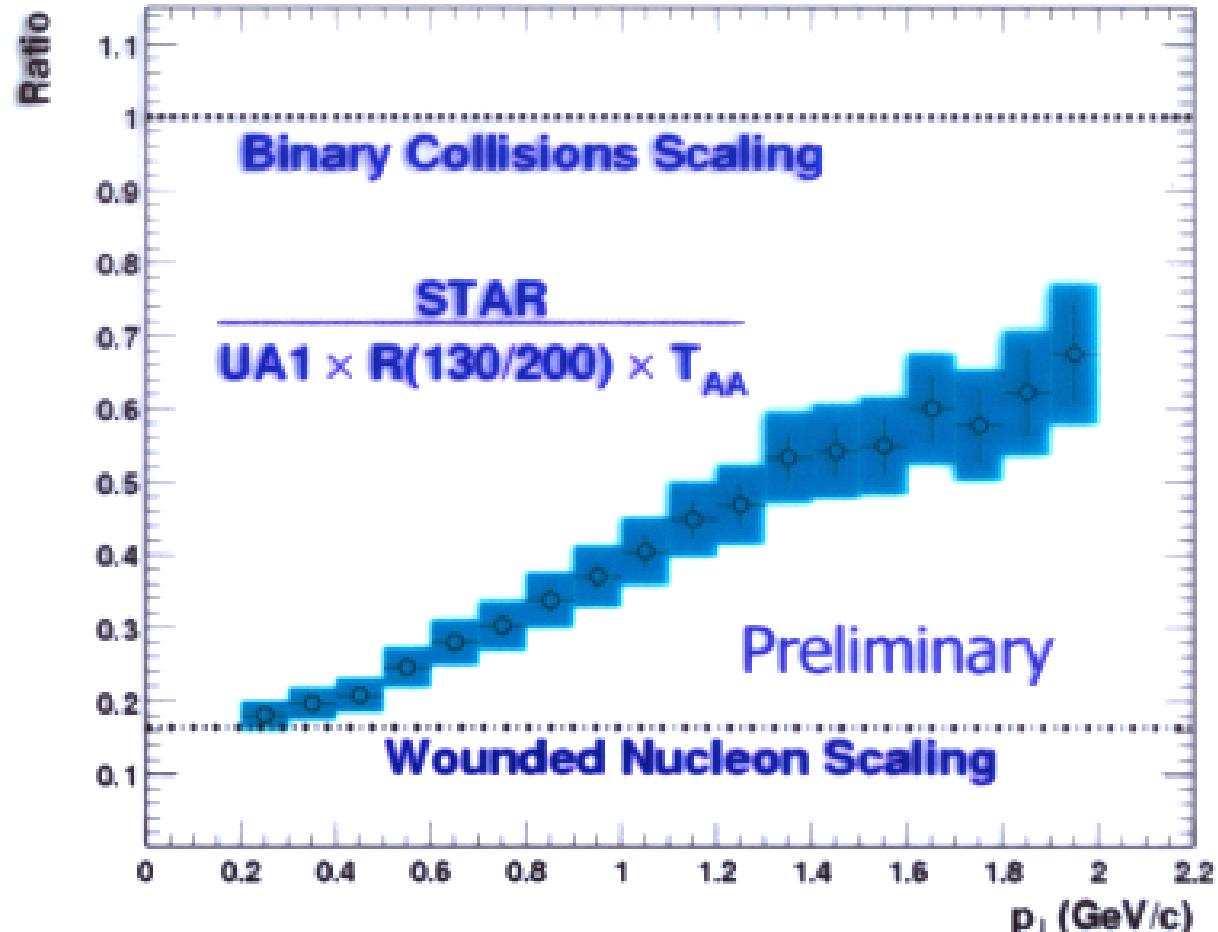
$T_{AA} = 26 \text{ mb}^{-1}$

for 5% most central

$N_{AA}/N_{pp} = N_{\text{bin coll}} = 1050$

"Soft" Scaling

$N_{AA} / N_{pp} = (344/2)$



Low $p_T \Rightarrow$ Wounded Nucleon applies

Rising $p_T \Rightarrow$ Approaching hard scaling limit?

Reach it?

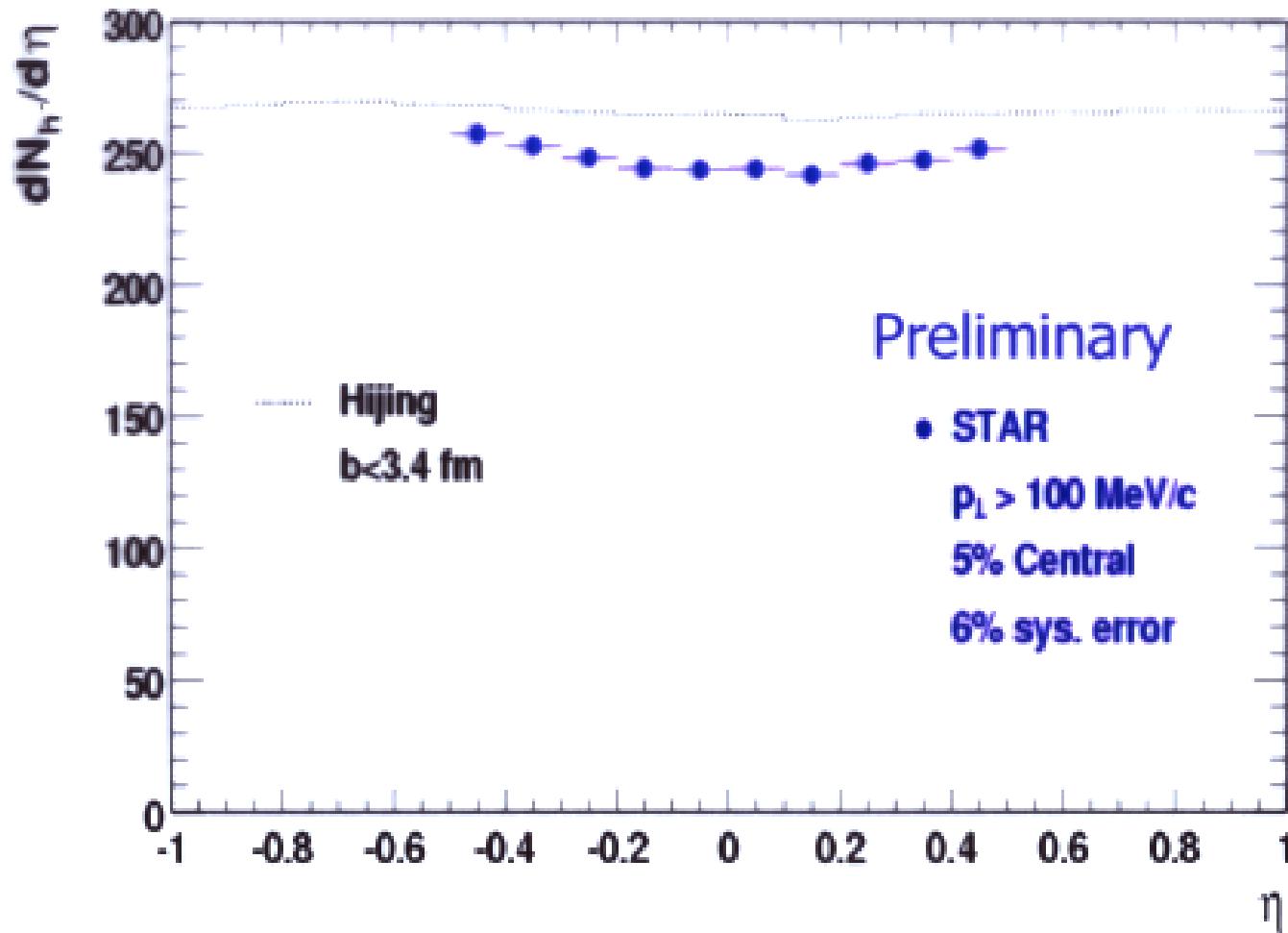
$h^- \eta$ Distribution

$dN/d\eta = 244 \pm 1 \pm 16$ ($p_\perp > 100$ MeV/c)

$dN/d\eta = 264 \pm 1 \pm 18$ (Extrapolation to all p_\perp)

Assuming 344 participants in 5% most central collisions:

$$(dN/d\eta)/(N_{\text{part}}/2) = 1.53 \pm 0.13$$



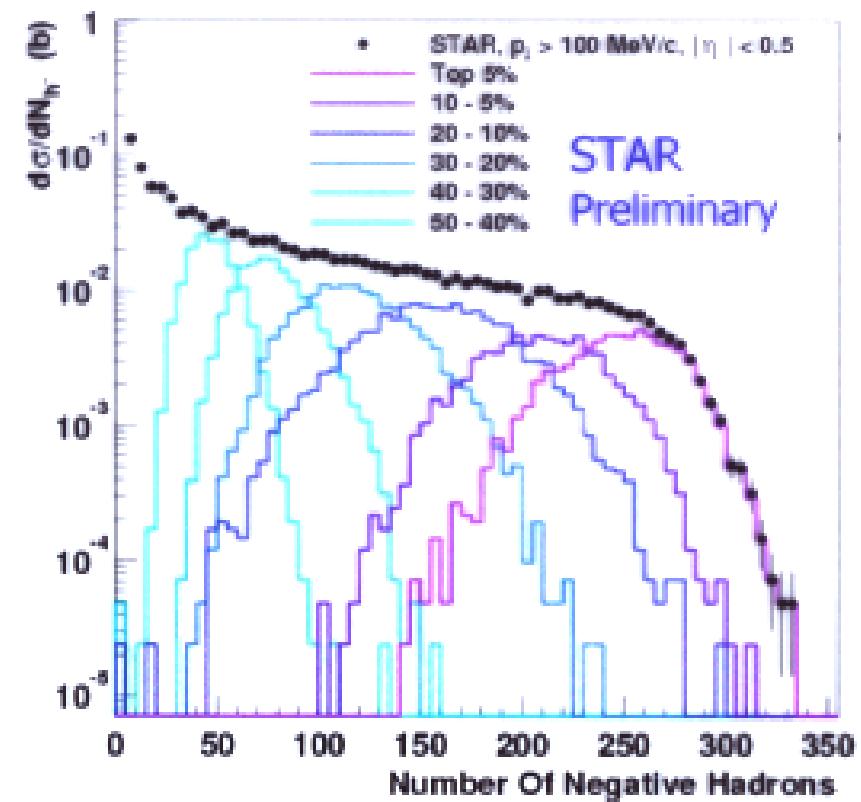
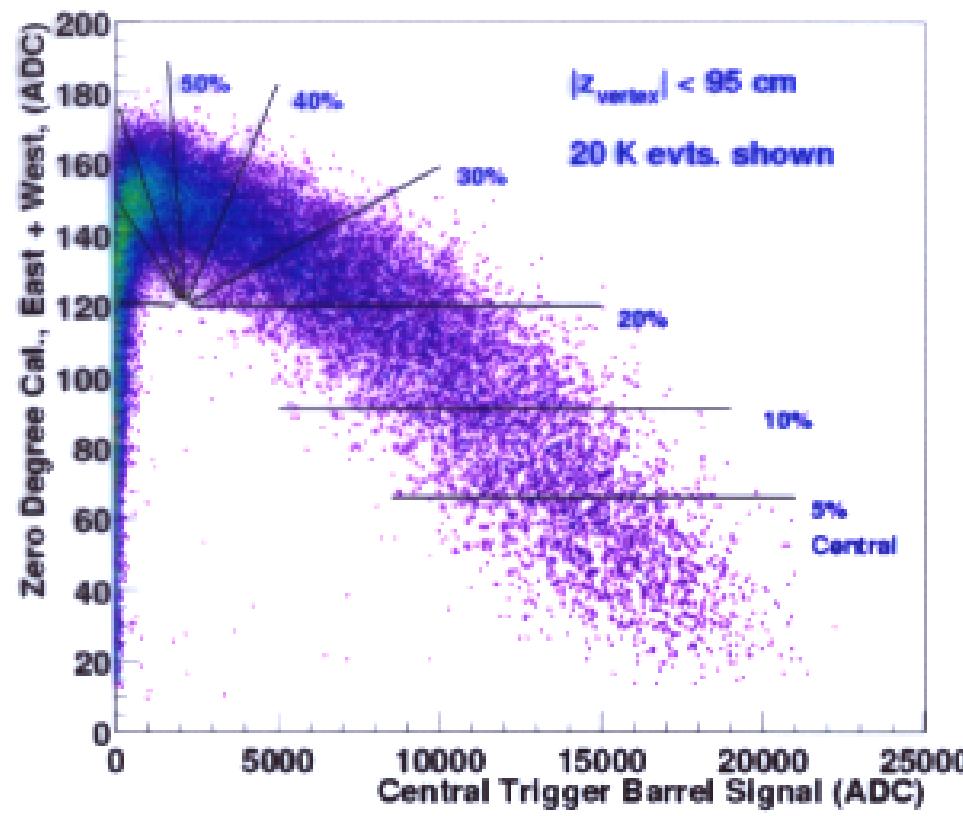
Increased particle production:

43% compared to Pb+Pb @ 17.2 GeV

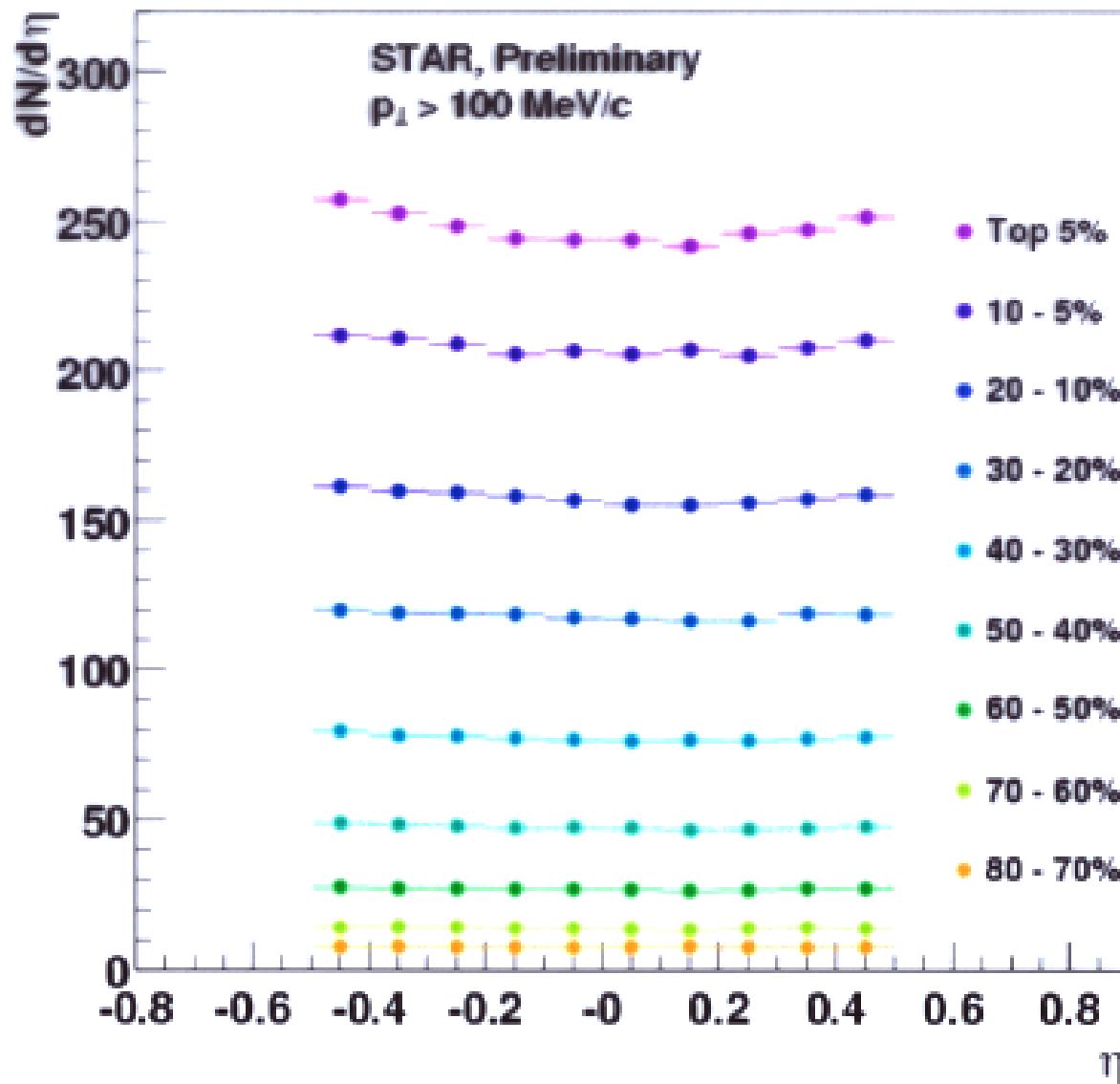
30% compared to pp @ 200 GeV

Central collisions: cut on ZDC only

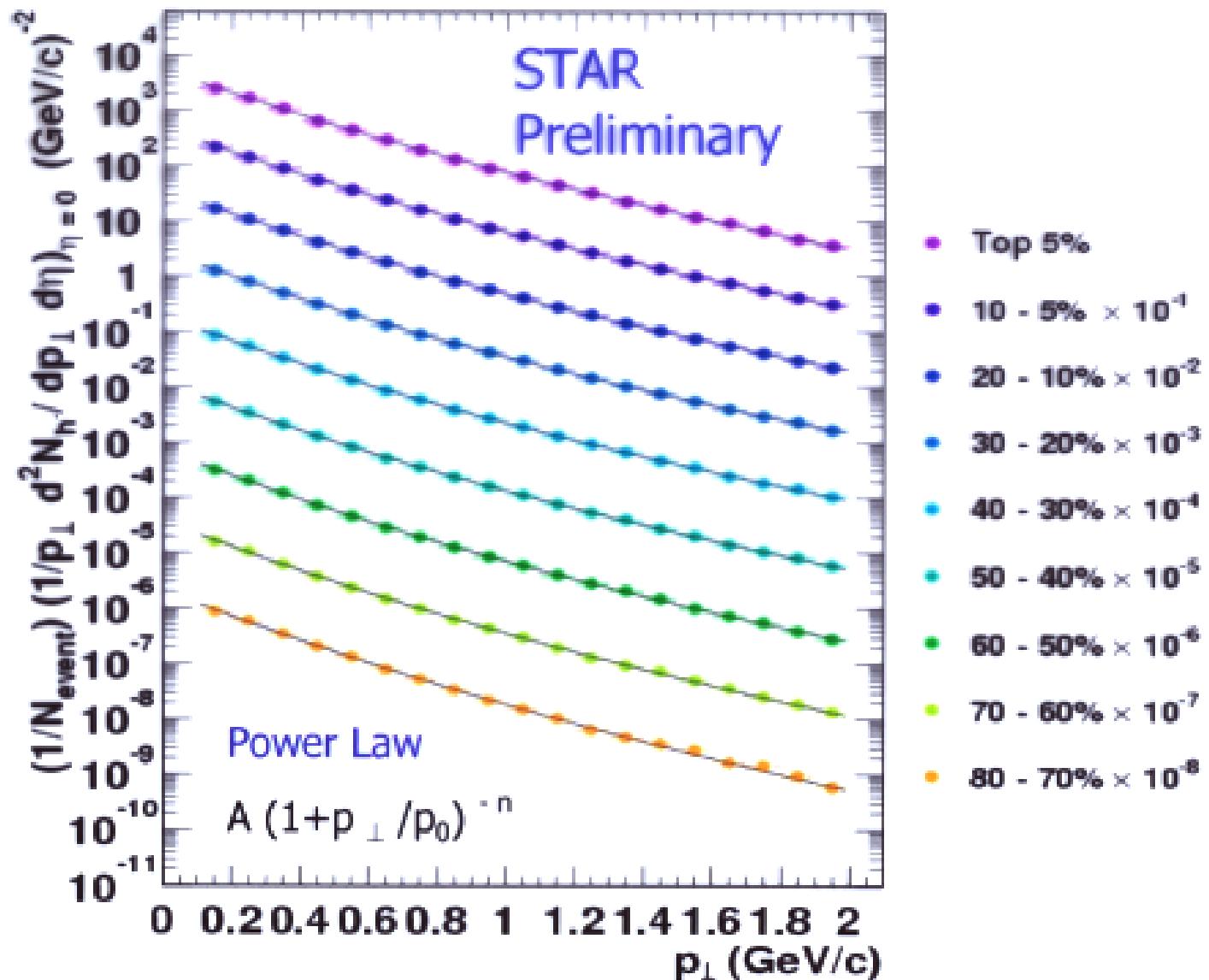
Peripheral collisions: Cut in ZDC+CTB space



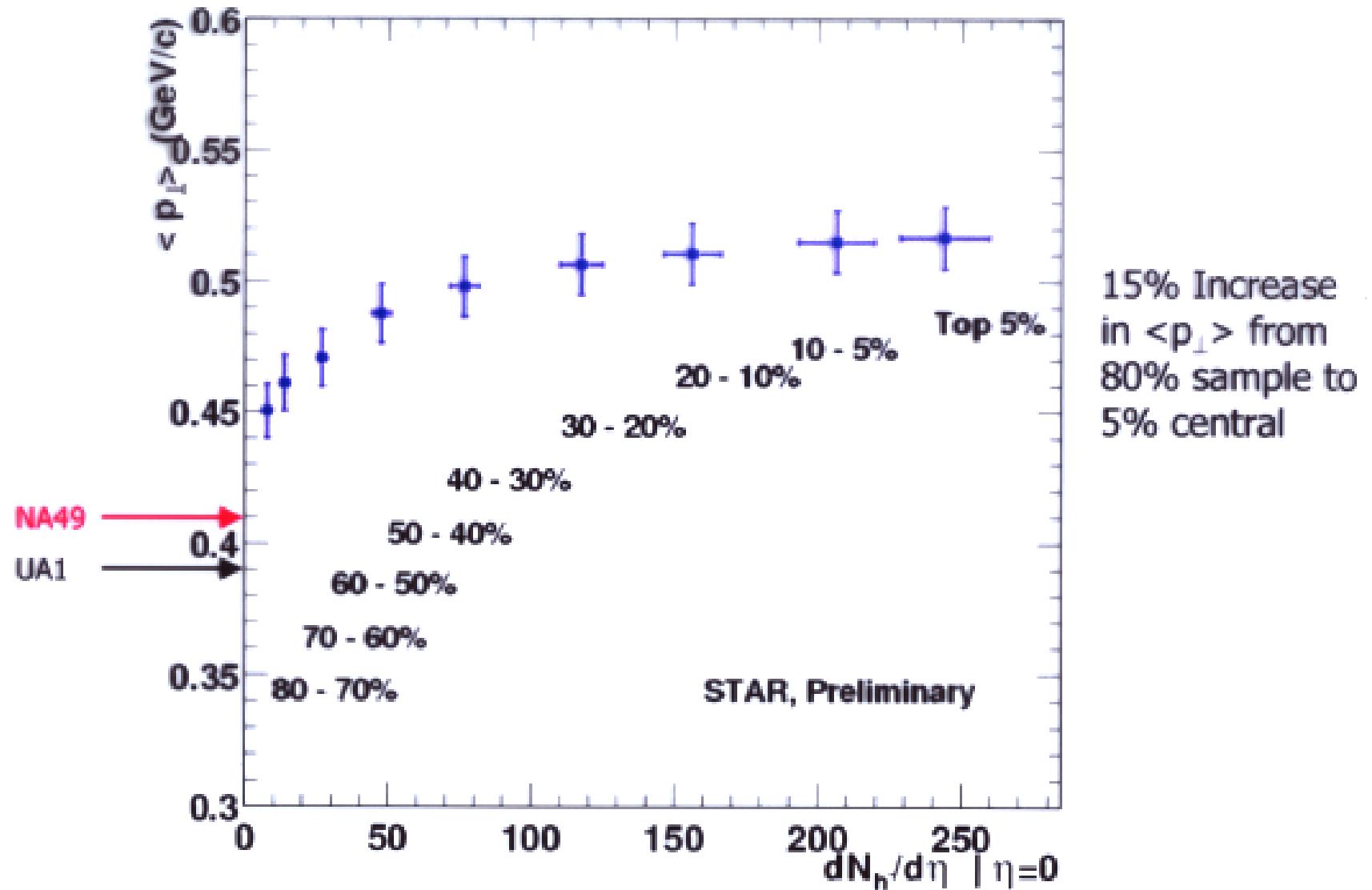
$h^- \eta$, Centrality dependence

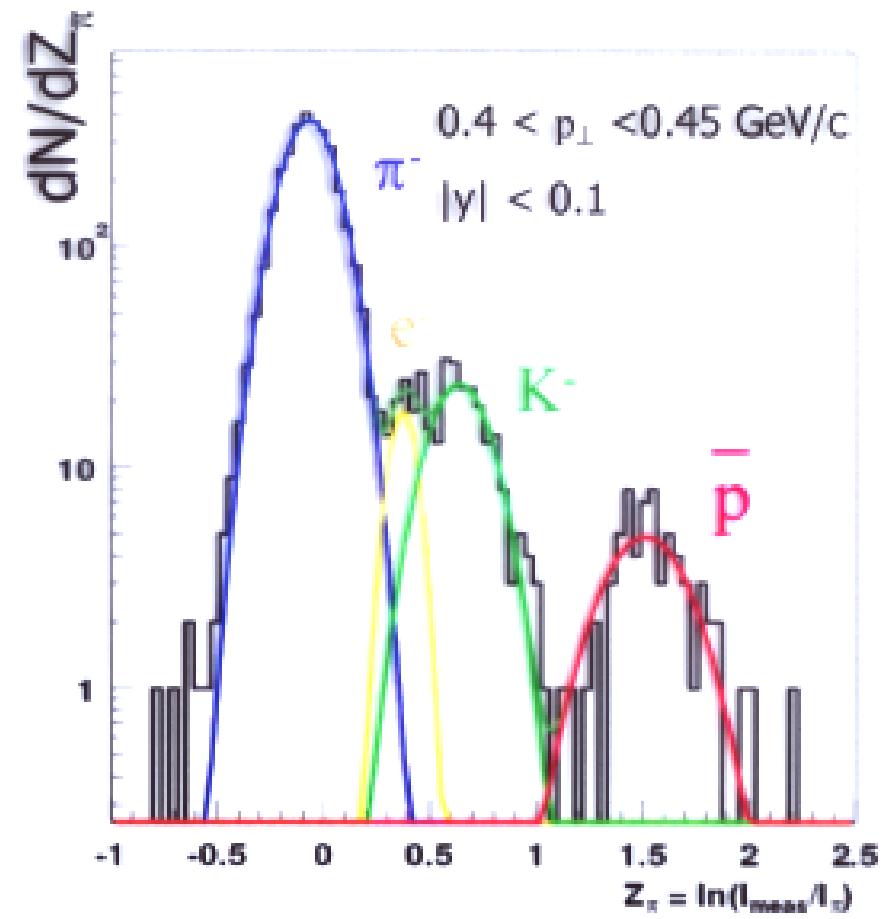
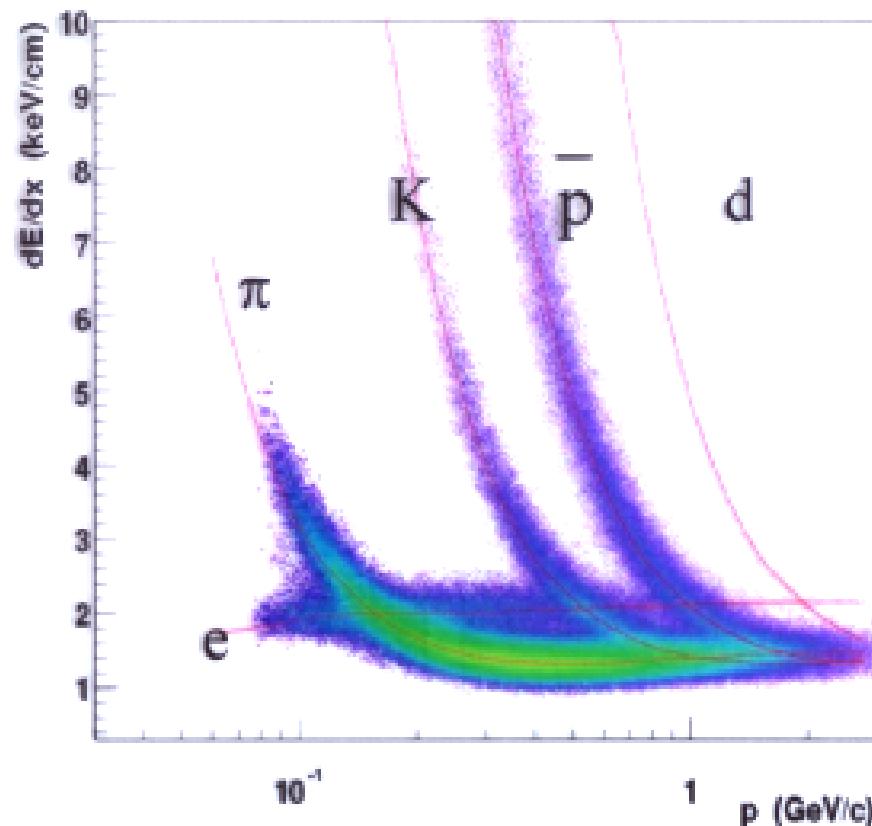


$h^- p_\perp$, Centrality Dependence



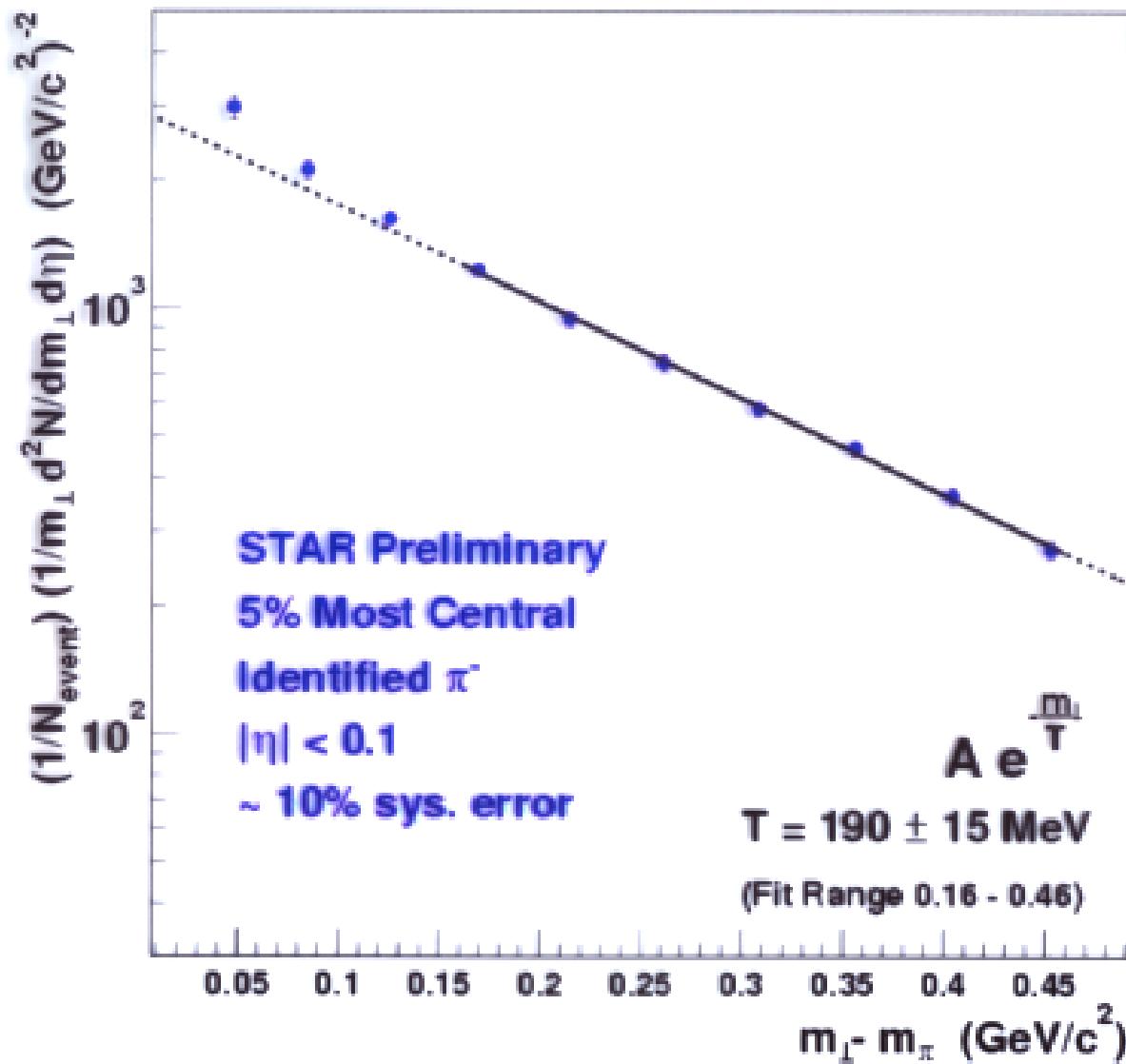
$h^- \langle p_\perp \rangle$, Centrality Dependence

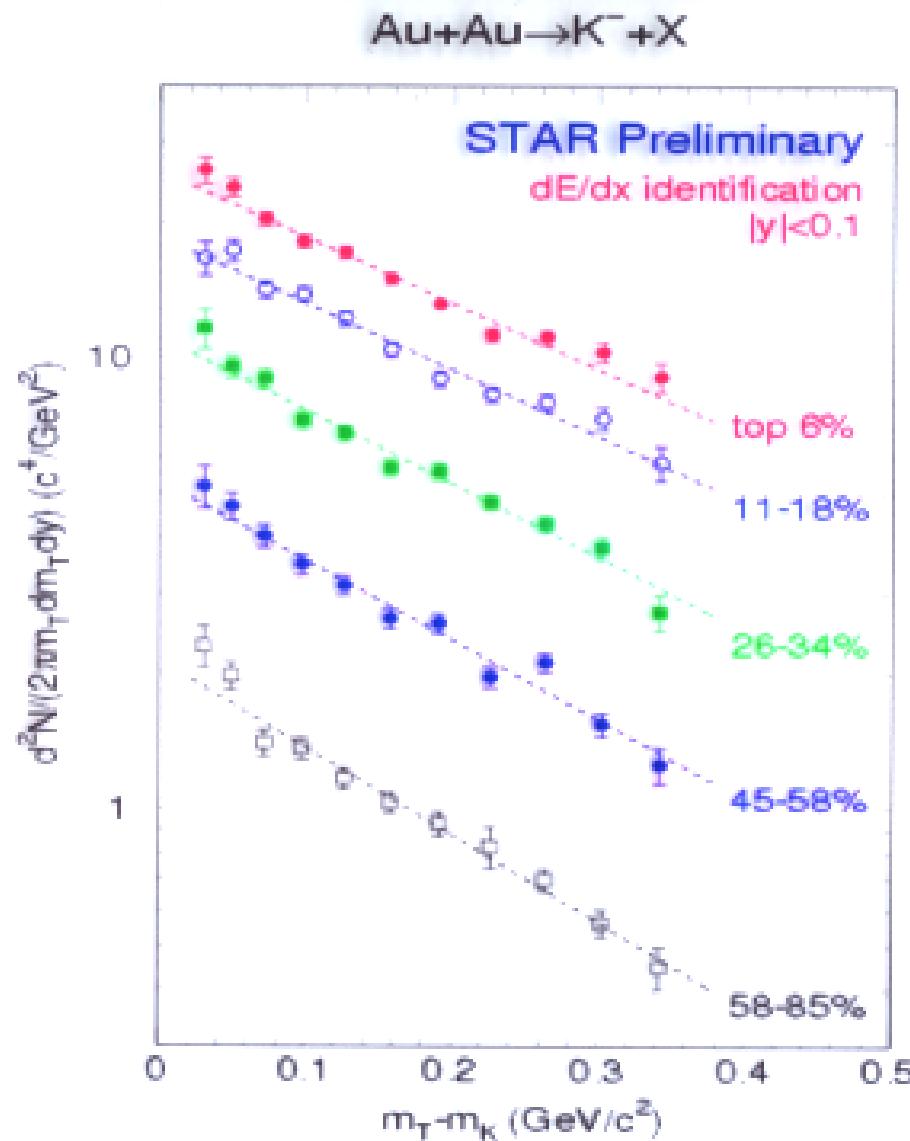




Use calibrated curves: Z variable

$$Z_\pi = \ln(I_{\text{meas}}/I_\pi)$$

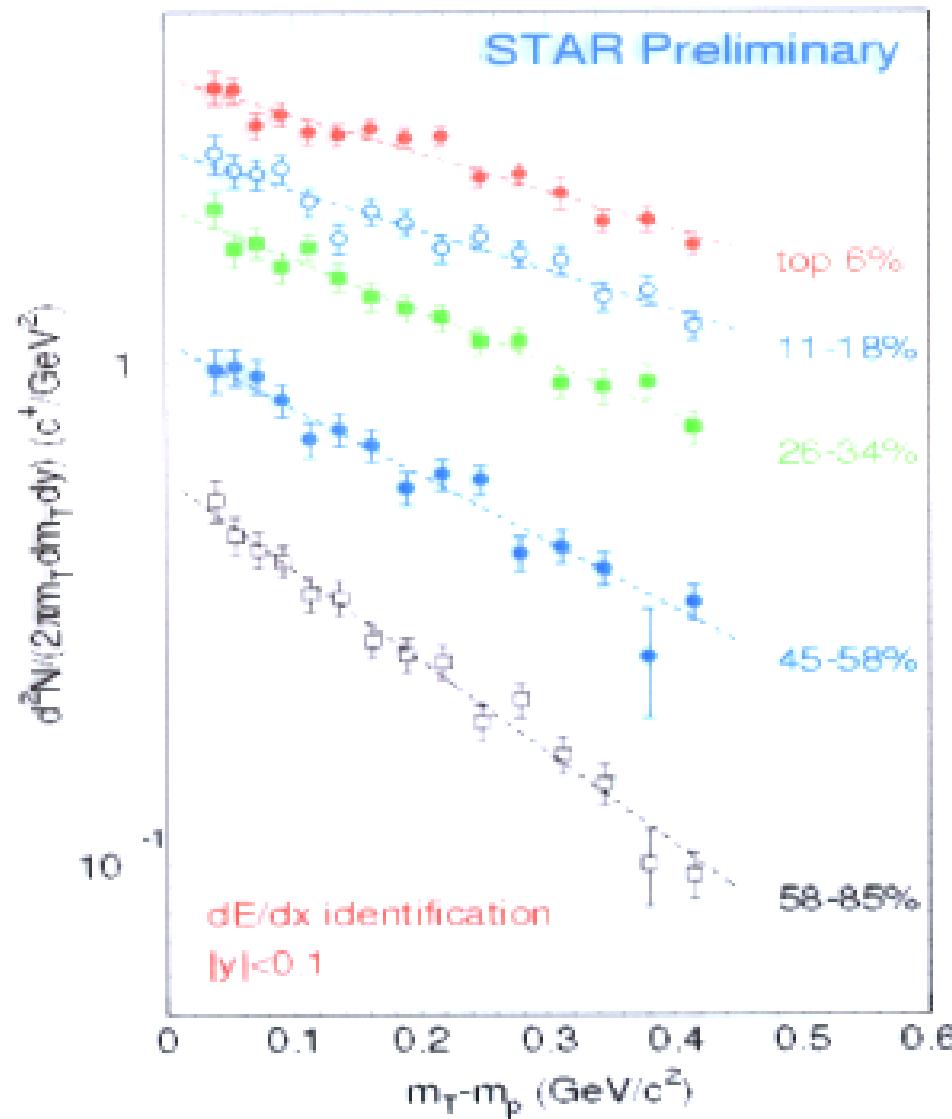




For the most central bin:
 $T \sim 300 \pm 15 \text{ MeV}$.
Syst. error $\sim 30 \text{ MeV}$

Slope: moderate
centrality dependence

Au+Au $\rightarrow \bar{p} + X$



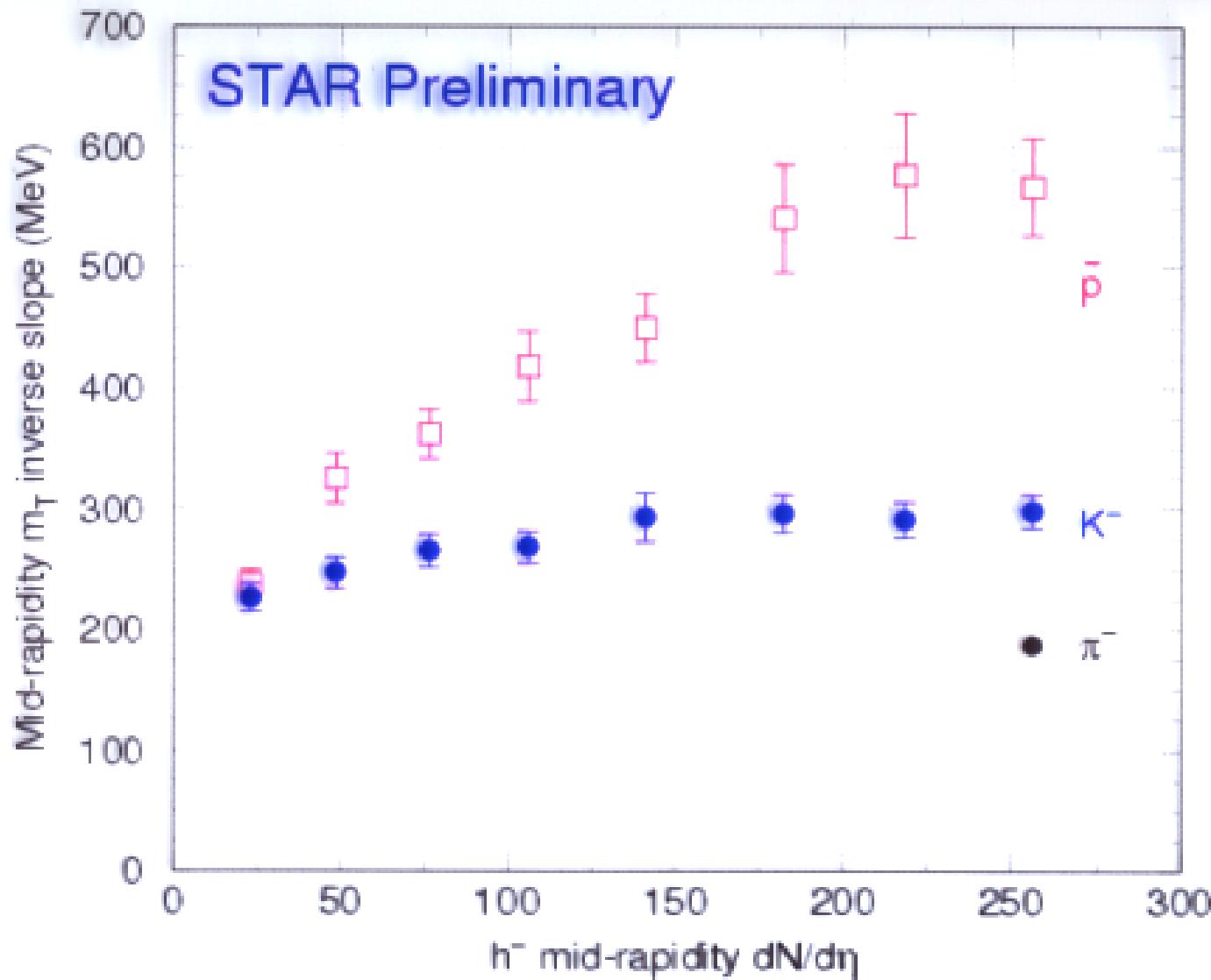
Slope: stronger centrality dependence

Peripheral ~200 MeV
Central ~550 MeV.

Syst. error on T ~ 50 MeV.

Current Status

- TPC is working beautifully!
- Calibrations look reasonable
- Well separated region can essentially already be used reliably
- Currently concentrating on software aspects to improve PID in overlap regions



Report from Current Activities

- Aim to obtain a probability for PID for a given track
- Implementation of Bayes Approach (Yuri)
- Dependence of dE/dx on
 - Beta * Gamma
 - dx
 - (Hans, Aihong)

- ✚ Collisions dominated by geometry
- ✚ Negative hadron distributions (Central collisions)
 - ★ Increased particle production relative to SPS and UA1
 - ★ $\langle p_{\perp} \rangle = 0.516 \text{ GeV/c}$ (NA49 = 0.414, UA1 = 0.392)
 - ★ low p_{\perp} : 'Wounded nucleon' scaling; rising p_{\perp} : 'binary collisions' scaling ?
- ✚ Negative hadrons, centrality dependence
 - ★ $\langle p_{\perp} \rangle$ shows weak dependence
 - ★ η dependence ~flat, small dependence on centrality
- ✚ Identified pi, K, p
 - ★ slope parameter T increase with centrality
 - * Increase is most dramatic in anti-protons
 - * Radial flow?

Efficiency Correction Function I

